- (i) TSA may amend the Security Directive based on comments received.
- (ii) Submission of a comment does not delay the effective date of the Security Directive.
- (5) Each indirect air carrier that receives a Security Directive or Information Circular, and each person who receives information from a Security Directive or Information Circular, must:
- (i) Restrict the availability of the Security Directive or Information Circular, and information contained in either document, to those persons with a need-to-know.
- (ii) Refuse to release the Security Directive or Information Circular, and information contained in either document, to persons other than those with a need-to-know without the prior written consent of TSA.

[71 FR 30516, May 26, 2006]

#### §1548.21 Screening of cargo.

An IAC may only screen cargo for transport on a passenger aircraft under §§1544.205 and 1546.205 if the IAC is a certified cargo screening facility as provided in part 1549.

[74 FR 47706, Sept. 16, 2009]

## PART 1549—CERTIFIED CARGO SCREENING PROGRAM

#### Subpart A—General

Sec.

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1549.111 Security threat assessments for personnel of certified cargo screening facilities.

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 114, 5103, 40113, 44901–44905, 44913–44914, 44916–44917, 44932, 44935–44936, 46105.

SOURCE: 74 FR 47706, Sept. 16, 2009, unless otherwise noted.

#### Subpart A—General

#### §1549.1 Applicability.

This part applies to each facility applying for or certified by TSA as a certified cargo screening facility to screen cargo that will be transported on a passenger aircraft operated under a full program under 49 CFR 1544.101(a), or a foreign air carrier operating under a program under 49 CFR 1546.101(a) or (b).

#### § 1549.3 TSA inspection authority.

- (a) Each certified cargo screening facility must allow TSA, at any time or place, in a reasonable manner, without advance notice, to enter the facility and make any inspections or tests, including copying records, to—
- (1) Determine compliance of a certified cargo screening facility, airport operator, foreign air carrier, indirect air carrier, or airport tenant with this chapter and 49 U.S.C. 114 and Subtitle VII, as amended; or
- (2) Carry out TSA's statutory or regulatory authorities, including its authority to—
  - (i) Assess threats to transportation;
- (ii) Enforce security-related regulations, directives, and requirements:
- (iii) Inspect, maintain, and test the security of facilities, equipment, and systems;
- (iv) Ensure the adequacy of security measures for the transportation of passengers and cargo;
- (v) Oversee the implementation, and ensure the adequacy, of security measures at airports and other transportation facilities:
  - (vi) Review security plans; and
- (vii) Carry out such other duties, and exercise such other powers, relating to transportation security as the Assistant Secretary of Homeland Security for the TSA considers appropriate, to the extent authorized by law.
- (b) At the request of TSA, each certified cargo screening facility must provide evidence of compliance with this chapter, including copying records.
- (c) TSA and DHS officials working with TSA may conduct inspections under this section without access

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media or identification media issued or approved by a certified cargo screening facility or other person, except that the TSA and DHS officials will have identification media issued by TSA or DHS.

### \$1549.5 Adoption and implementation of the security program.

- (a) Security program required. No person may screen cargo to be tendered to an aircraft operator operating under a full program under part 1544, a foreign air carrier operating under §1546.101(a) or (b), or an indirect air carrier operating under §1548.5 for carriage on a passenger aircraft, unless that person holds and carries out an approved security program under this part.
- (b) Content. Each security program under this part must—
- (1) Provide for the security of the aircraft, as well as that of persons and property traveling in air transportation against acts of criminal violence and air piracy and against the introduction into the aircraft of any unauthorized explosive, incendiary, and other destructive substance or item as provided in the certified cargo screening facility's security program;
- (2) Be designed to prevent or deter the introduction of any unauthorized explosive, incendiary, and other destructive substance or item onto an aircraft; and
- (3) Include the procedures and description of the facilities and equipment used to comply with the requirements of this part.
- (c) Employees and agents. The certified cargo screening facility must ensure that its employees and agents carry out the requirements of this chapter and the certified cargo screening facility's security program.
- (d) Facility's security program. The certified cargo screening facility standard security program together with approved alternate procedures and amendments issued to a particular facility constitutes that facility's security program.
- (e) Availability. Each certified cargo screening facility must:
- (1) Maintain an original of the security program at its corporate office.
- (2) Have accessible a complete copy, or the pertinent portions of its security

program, or appropriate implementing instructions, at its facility. An electronic version is adequate.

- (3) Make a copy of the security program available for inspection upon the request of TSA.
- (4) Restrict the distribution, disclosure, and availability of information contained in its security program to persons with a need to know, as described in part 1520 of this chapter.
- (5) Refer requests for such information by other persons to TSA.

# §1549.7 Approval, amendment, renewal of the security program and certification of a certified cargo screening facility.

- (a) Initial application and approval.—
  (1) Application. Unless otherwise authorized by TSA, each applicant must apply for a security program and for certification as a certified cargo screening facility at a particular location, in a form and a manner prescribed by TSA not less than 90 calendar days before the applicant intends to begin operations. TSA will only approve a facility to operate as a CCSF if it is located in the United States. The CCSF application must be in writing and include the following:
- (i) The business name; other names, including doing business as; state of incorporation, if applicable; and tax identification number.
- (ii) The name of the senior manager or representative of the applicant in control of the operations at the facility.
- (iii) A signed statement from each person listed in paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of this section stating whether he or she has been a senior manager or representative of a facility that had its security program withdrawn by TSA.
- (iv) Copies of government-issued identification of persons listed in paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of this section.
- (v) The street address of the facility where screening will be conducted.
- (vi) A statement acknowledging and ensuring that each individual and agent of the applicant, who is subject to training under §1549.11, will have successfully completed the training outlined in its security program before performing security-related duties.